



Rouge Engineering-Station Attacks on Simatic S7 PLCs

Rogue7:

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1. Uncovered design vulnerabilities in the S7 protocol 2. An exploit that performs remote stealth

programming of an S7-1500 PLC



The Engineer

The

Attacker







What are Industrial Control Systems?

- A distributed computerized system
- Operates and monitors physical devices
- Controls critical infrastructure











PLC - Programmable Logic Controller

- The core of the ICS
- A bridge between the virtual and the kinetic worlds
- The target of our attacks









PLC Interfaces - Our Way In!





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Secure ICS Topology





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ICS Security Challenges

S V

- No automatic update or frequent patching
- No inline protection



Stuxnet Malware (9/2010)



- The most famous cyber-attack on ICS
- Targeted Siemens S7-300 PLC
- Infected both HMI and engineering station packages





TIA as a Soft Belly

S V

- Typically attacks are exploiting the engineering station vulnerabilities:
 - <u>CVE-2012-3015</u> : untrusted search path vulnerability in Siemens SIMATIC STEP7 v5.5– July-26-2012



• <u>CVE-2019-10915</u>: authentication bypass in TIA v15.1 –July-11-19 by Tenable Security









- Exploits vulnerabilities in the PLC Operating System
 - S7 protocol



 Any vulnerable station/ device in the network can serve as an attack machine







Siemens S7-1500 PLC



- One of two new members in the SIMATIC PLCs product line
 - S7-1500 is the high-end PLC
 - The other is S7-1200





Why We Targeted S7 PLCs?



- Security enhancements of the S7 protocol
 - Integrity and replay protection of the messages
- PLC access control password based
 - Blocks our attack, but not always used

Protection level	Access			Access permission	
Protection	НМІ	Read	Write	Password	Confirmation
Full access (no protection)	 Image: A second s		 Image: A second s		
Read access	 Image: A second s	 Image: A second s			
HMI access	 Image: A second s				
No access (complete protection)					

The S7 Protocol











P3 – KDK Sharing



- 1. Generate 20 bytes PreKey
 - 1. Encrypt it using EC-ElGamal–like encryption with the plc public key and add it to Keying material
- 2. Calculate KDF on PreKey and get
 - 1. Checksum Encryption Key (CEK)
 - 2. Checksum Seed (CS)
 - 3. Key Encryption Key (KEK)
- 3. Concatenate the KDK to the challenge, encrypt them using AES-CTR with the KEK, and add to Keying material
- 4. Initiate a Tabulation Hash with CS and calculate checksum over (3)
- 5. Encrypt (4) using AES-ECB with CEK and add to Keying material





P3 – Asymmetric Keys



• The public keys are stored in compressed .key files at [TIA INSTALLATION]\Data\Hwcn\Custom

- Each key file contains
 - Metadata (version, key type, key family, etc.)
 - Key data PLC public key for the EC-ElGamal-like encryption



P3 – An Example .key File



orderNumber: s71500-connection

firmwareVersion:

keyType: connection

familyType: S7-1500

key data: 8456...



One Ring to Rule Them All

One Ring To Rule Them All

With Many Working Forged Copies





Attacking the P3 Program Download Exchange

Control Program Create Message







Control Program Representation





Rogue Engineering Station

















• An attack script that impersonates a TIA



Rogue Engineering Workstation Program Download Attack



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Rogue Engineering Workstation Stealth Program Injection











Rogue7: Rogue Engineering Station Attacks on Simatic S7 PLCs

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Step7 Impersonation







The Wall

My Lab



King's Landing



Rogue Engineering Station Stealth Program Injection



Attack Demo

Rogue7: Rogue Engineering Station Attacks on Simatic S7 PLCs

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Summary

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- Vulnerabilities in the S7 protocol P3
 - TIA is not authenticated
 - "One Ring to Rule them All"
- A Python attack tool that impersonates TIA
 - Download a recorded program to any S7-1500 PLC
 - Stealth program injection attack











Thank you!

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